

# (Functional MRI)

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(Functional MRI)

, 2001, 6, 1, 105-130.

가 ,

가 가

1

SMG (supramarginal gyrus)

(BA44)

(fusiform gyrus)

2

가

1

1

가

가

가

가

\*  
Magnetic Resonance Imaging)  
Mapping)

"  
(Functional  
(Functional Brain

# 1. 가

가 (alphabetic writing system) ,  
(logographic writing system) .  
(orthographic depth) , ,  
(orthographic unit) (phonological unit)  
, , 가 , ,  
가 , 가 .  
, 가 (shallow orthography) , 가 (deep orthography)  
가 .  
(visual processing), (orthographic processing)  
(mental lexicon)  
(articulation) (generation of sound) .  
, 가 가 , ,  
(lexical route) (direct route) , ,  
(phonological recoding route) (indirect route) . 가  
Coltheart(1978)  
(dual-route model) . (word regularity effect), ( , 1999; , 1996; , 1996; Bauer & Stanovich, 1980; Parkin, 1982; Hayashi, Ulatowska & Sasanuma, 1985).

가

Frost, Katz & Bentin(1987) . Frost, Katz & Bentin (Hebrew), (Serbo-Croatian),

(Functional MRI)

가 가 . Frost, Katz  
& Bentin 가 ,  
가 가  
, 가 가  
(pseudoword) . 가 가

(lexicality effect)

. Frost

가 가 가 ,  
, 가 가 .  
가 가 가 가  
가 가 가 , 가  
가 가 가 가

. Nam(1995)

. Nam(1995)

(naming task)

(primed-naming task)

가 ,

(lexical access variable)

가  
(2000)

(acquired dyslexia)

(2000)

(Hayashi, Ulatowska & Sasanuma,

1985; Kawahata, Nagata & Shishido, 1988; Sasanuma, 1974; Yamatori, 1975).

가

가 , Seidenberg (Seidenberg, 1985; Seidenberg & McClelland, 1989; Waters, Seidenberg & Bruck, 1984) (connectionist model)

Seidenberg(1985) 가 가 가 ( , ). Seidenberg(1985) 가 . Seidenberg(1985)

(fMRI: functional Magnetic Resonance Imaging)

(1998) , SMG(Supramarginal gyrus)

(紡錘象回:Fusiform gyrus) 가 (1998) 가

가 (Chee et al., 2000; Koyama et al., 1998; Tzeng & Hung, 1984). Chee et al.(2000)

가 가 가 가 fMRI

2. : fMRI

(Functional MRI)

(segregation) , (module)

(integration) (Firth, 1997).

가

가

(PET : Positron Emission Tomography)

(resolution)가

가

EPI-BOLD(Echo Planner Imaging-Blood Oxygen Level

Dependent)

(postprocessing)

(subtraction)

(noise)

(pixel)

( : z-value, t-value)

(threshold)

Petersen et al.(1988)

(PET)

PET

가

가

가  
(1998)

1.

1.5T (GE medical system, Milwaukee, USA) 가  
EPI- BOLD(Echo Planner Imaging-Blood Oxygen Level Dependent) (TR/TE 3000/60msec, 64×64Matrix, FOV 24×24cm, flip angle 90°). 3, AC-PC(Anterior Commissure-Posterior Commissure) line 20 (slices) (volume) 282 (3 ×94 phases) 94 (phases), 12 (4 phases) dummy image( ) 가 가 EPI(Echo Planer Image) (equilibrium state) 90 30 10  
5 4  
SPM 99(Statistical Parametric Measure 99) off line 90 (image) (motion) (realignment), SPM 99 template image(ICBM: International Consortium for Brain Mapping, NIH P- 20 Project) Talairach-Tournoux(1988) (atlas) noise Gaussian field (smoothing: FWHM 7mm)  
가 (volume data image) (stimulation time pattern, , box car pattern)

(general linear regression) ,  $p < 0.00001$  가  
t-  
(conjunction)  
(Parametric Mapping Image) 3D T1

2. 1

가.

(1)

(Oldfield, 1971)

6 25 ,

(2)

2 30 ( : , ) 5  
2 30 ( : 名曲, 價格 ) 4 ( )

(3)

box-car

1 30

가 head coil LCD

< - 1> 가

가 < - 2>  
< - 1> < - 2> 가

Brodmann , Talairach- Tournoux  
cluster voxels < - 1> < - 2>

< - 1 >

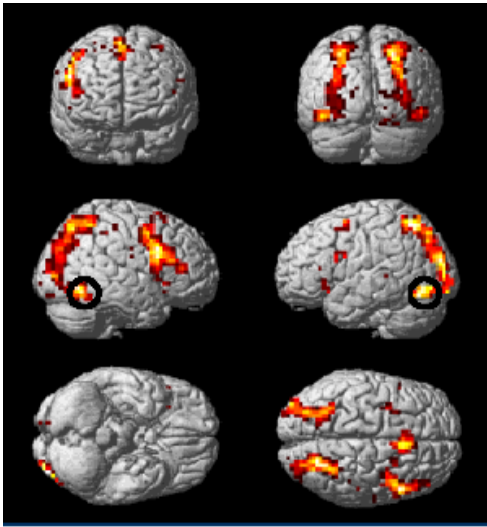
Broca (Inferior Frontal Gyrus, BA 44) (Occipital lobe), lingual (Superior Parietal lobule, BA 7) gyrus, Fusiform gyrus(BA 19, 37), (Temporal gyrus) 가 . , (dorsal visual pathway) (ventral visual pathway)

< - 2 >

Bilateral SMG(Superior Marginal gyrus) (inferior parietal lobule, BA 40) Precuneus(BA 7) 가 , Bilateral Superior Frontal gyrus, Middle Frontal gyrus(BA 8, 9) 가

< - 1 >

( , 1998)



Fusiform gyrus . < - 2 >

Bilateral 가

Bilateral Superior Marginal Gyrus .

Fusiform gyrus

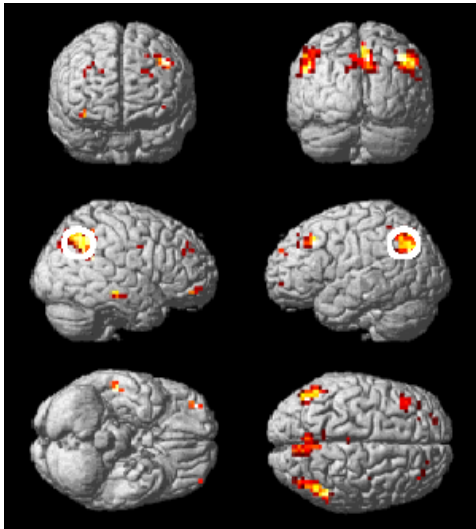
SMG



(Functional MRI)

가

2



	Brodmann's Area	X	Y	Z	T- score	cluster - size
<b>Superior Parietal Lobule</b>	<b>BA 7</b>	<b>- 24</b>	<b>- 63</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>16.4</b>	<b>419</b>
Sub- Gyral	*	- 44	- 59	- 7	10.64	
Lingual Gyrus	*	- 28	- 74	- 6	9.35	
<b>Superior Frontal Gyrus</b>	<b>BA 8</b>	<b>- 4</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>13.0</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>Inferior Frontal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>- 51</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>12.1</b>	<b>220</b>
Middle Frontal Gyrus	BA 6	- 48	6	44	<b>10.9</b>	
Inferior Frontal Gyrus	BA 44	- 55	12	14	<b>9.65</b>	
<b>Inferior Frontal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>- 32</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>- 5</b>	<b>7.2</b>	<b>10</b>
Fusiform Gyrus	*	<b>- 20</b>	<b>- 86</b>	<b>- 9</b>	<b>6.62</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>Inferior Parietal Lobule</b>	*	<b>- 40</b>	<b>- 33</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>5.95</b>	<b>6</b>
Sub- Gyral	*	<b>- 24</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>7</b>
Cuneus	*	<b>- 16</b>	<b>- 97</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>5.66</b>	<b>1</b>
Cuneus	*	<b>- 16</b>	<b>- 81</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>5.58</b>	<b>9</b>
Postcentral Gyrus	*	<b>- 59</b>	<b>- 11</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>5.43</b>	<b>1</b>
Postcentral Gyrus	<b>BA 1</b>	<b>- 51</b>	<b>- 25</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>2</b>
Middle Frontal Gyrus	<b>BA 6</b>	<b>- 28</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>4.95</b>	<b>1</b>
Postcentral Gyrus	<b>BA 3</b>	<b>- 63</b>	<b>- 11</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>4.84</b>	<b>1</b>
Lentiform Nucleus	<b>Putamen</b>	<b>- 20</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>- 4</b>	<b>4.81</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Superior Parietal Lobule</b>	<b>BA 7</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>- 59</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>11.8</b>	<b>278</b>
Middle Occipital Gyrus	BA 19	40	- 89	15	10	
Middle Occipital Gyrus	*	48	- 67	- 10	9.9	
Declive	*	<b>32</b>	<b>- 55</b>	<b>- 17</b>	<b>7.66</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Middle Frontal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>32</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>7.57</b>	<b>14</b>
Middle Frontal Gyrus	BA 6	28	14	47	<b>5.87</b>	
<b>Inferior Frontal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>44</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>6.44</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Inferior Frontal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>36</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>- 5</b>	<b>6.08</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>Inferior Frontal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>51</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>5.87</b>	<b>5</b>
Cuneus	*	<b>16</b>	<b>- 81</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>5.72</b>	<b>9</b>
Lingual Gyrus	*	<b>32</b>	<b>- 74</b>	<b>- 10</b>	<b>5.48</b>	<b>8</b>
Lingual Gyrus	*	28	- 70	- 3	<b>5.05</b>	
Cingulate Gyrus	*	<b>8</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>5.28</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Inferior Frontal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>48</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Middle Temporal Gyrus</b>	<b>BA 22</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>- 35</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>4.81</b>	<b>1</b>

X, Y, Z Talairah Co-Planar Stereotaxic Atlas of the Human Brain ( +, -), ( +, -), ( +, -) . T-  
 $p < 0.00001$  voxel(2x2x2mm<sup>3</sup>)  
 . Cluster voxel , Cluster- size voxel .

&lt; - 2&gt; 1 2.

	Brodmann's Area	X	Y	Z	T- score	cluster-size
<b>Inferior Parietal Lobule</b>	<b>BA 40</b>	<b>- 40</b>	<b>- 64</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>8.6</b>	<b>86</b>
Inferior Parietal Lobule	BA 40	- 51	- 44	43	7.81	
Inferior Parietal Lobule	BA 40	- 44	- 56	43	7.56	
<b>Precuneus</b>	<b>BA 7</b>	<b>- 8</b>	<b>- 68</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>7.63</b>	<b>116</b>
Precuneus	BA 7	- 4	- 56	54	6.89	
<b>Middle Frontal Gyrus</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>- 36</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>- 13</b>	<b>6.79</b>	<b>5</b>
Precuneus	BA 7	- 4	- 37	46	5.26	
<b>Middle Temporal Gyrus</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>- 55</b>	<b>- 28</b>	<b>- 9</b>	<b>6.09</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>Posterior Cingulate</b>	<b>BA 23</b>	<b>- 4</b>	<b>- 38</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>5.69</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Precentral Gyrus</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>- 44</b>	<b>- 2</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>5.48</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>Superior Frontal Gyrus</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>- 20</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>5.18</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Middle Frontal Gyrus</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>- 36</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>5.07</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Superior Frontal Gyrus</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>- 32</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>4.97</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Precentral Gyrus</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>- 36</b>	<b>- 5</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>4.96</b>	<b>1</b>
Precuneus	BA 7	4	- 60	40	6.66	
<b>Inferior Parietal Lobule</b>	<b>BA 40</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>- 63</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>7.54</b>	<b>66</b>
Inferior Parietal Lobule	BA 40	48	- 68	40	7.3	
Inferior Parietal Lobule	BA 40	51	- 52	47	7.26	
<b>Postcentral Gyrus</b>	<b>BA 2</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>- 25</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>7.43</b>	<b>18</b>
<b>Cingulate Gyrus</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>- 21</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>6.5</b>	<b>24</b>
Paracentral Lobule	*	0	- 29	46	6.07	
<b>Cingulate Gyrus</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>- 41</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>6.33</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>Superior Frontal Gyrus</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>5.43</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Superior Frontal Gyrus</b>	<b>BA 9</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>5.41</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Precuneus</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>- 60</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>5.33</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Superior Frontal Gyrus</b>	<b>BA 8</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>5.27</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Paracentral Lobule</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>- 32</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>4.93</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Middle Frontal Gyrus</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>- 6</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Middle Frontal Gyrus</b>	<b>BA 9</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>2</b>

X, Y, Z Talairah Co-Planar Stereotaxic Atlas of the Human Brain ( +, -), ( +, -), ( +, -). T-  
 $p < 0.00001$  voxel( $2 \times 2 \times 2 \text{mm}^3$ )  
. Cluster voxel, Cluster-size voxel.

3. 2

가.

(1)

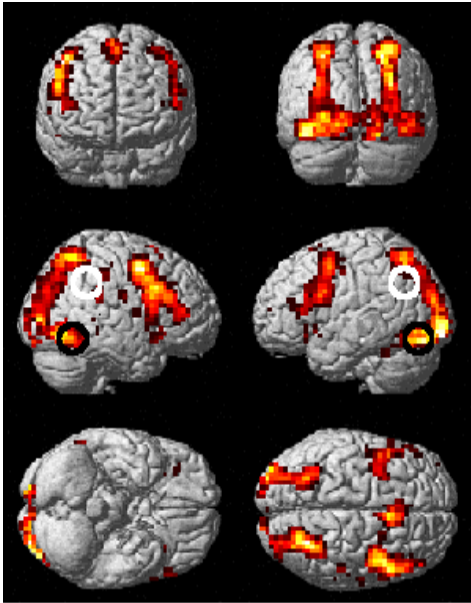
1 1 가 .

2)

1 2 30 ( :  
, 가 ) 4 2 30 ( : 會議, 類推 )  
4 ( ) .

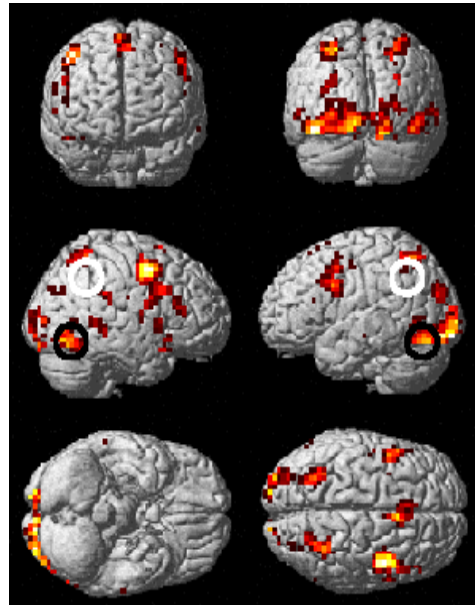
3)

. Box Car 30  
( ) ,  
+ ,  
. 1 .

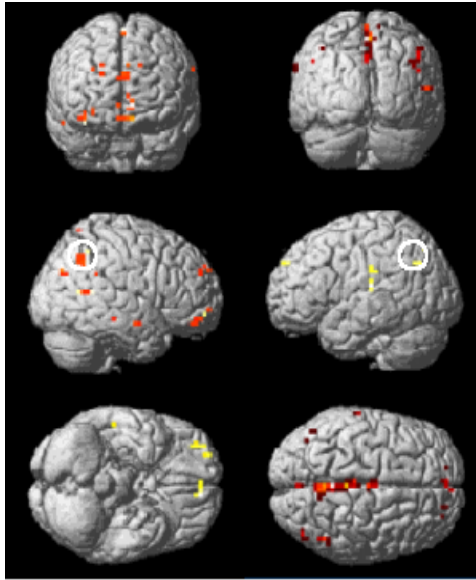
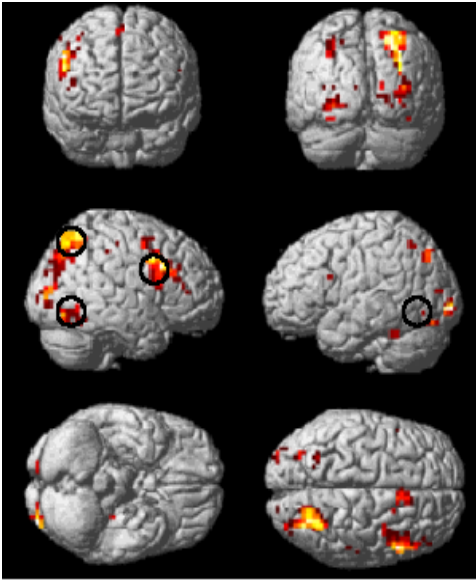


(Functional MRI)

< - 3> < - 4>



4> < - 3> < - 4>  
 Brodmann's Area, Talairach-Tournoux  
 3> < - 4>  
 (Inferior Frontal Gyrus, BA 44, 45: Broca's Area), 가  
 (Supplementary Motor Area, BA 6), (Occipital Lobe, BA 17, 19),  
 (Superior Parietal Lobule, BA 7), (Medial Frontal  
 Gyrus, BA 9), (Superior Parietal Lobule, BA 7), (Superior Temporal  
 Gyrus), (Occipital Lobe, BA 17, 19)  
 가  
 < - 1> < - 3> 1  
 Fusiform gyrus 가  
 < - 2>, < - 3> < - 4>  
 1 SMG  
 가 가  
 가



가

session  
 가 < - 5> <  
 - 6> . < - 5> 1 1 ,  
 가 Fusiform gyrus  
 가 < - 6> 1 2  
 SMG 가 ,

&lt; - 3&gt; 2 1.

	Brodmann's Area	X	Y	Z	T-score	cluster-size
<b>Superior Parietal Lobule</b>	<b>BA 7</b>	<b>- 24</b>	<b>- 60</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>22.9</b>	<b>1225</b>
Superior Parietal Lobule	*	- 28	- 56	54	<b>22.0</b>	
Middle Occipital Gyrus	*	- 40	- 70	- 10	<b>21.8</b>	
<b>Middle Frontal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>- 44</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>570</b>
Superior Frontal Gyrus	*	- 8	14	51	<b>18.7</b>	
Inferior Frontal Gyrus	BA 44	- 48	9	33	<b>16.8</b>	
<b>Inferior Parietal Lobule</b>	<b>BA 40</b>	<b>- 55</b>	<b>- 34</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>9.57</b>	<b>25</b>
<b>Postcentral Gyrus</b>	*	<b>- 51</b>	<b>- 29</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>8.21</b>	<b>16</b>
<b>Postcentral Gyrus</b>	*	<b>- 59</b>	<b>- 11</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>7.86</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>Superior Temporal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>- 48</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>- 11</b>	<b>6.96</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>Superior Temporal Gyrus</b>	<b>BA 22</b>	<b>- 59</b>	<b>- 4</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>6.88</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Middle Temporal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>- 59</b>	<b>- 35</b>	<b>- 5</b>	<b>5.64</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Postcentral Gyrus</b>	*	<b>- 55</b>	<b>- 21</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>5.44</b>	<b>1</b>
*	*	<b>- 12</b>	<b>- 12</b>	<b>- 9</b>	<b>5.28</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>Cuneus</b>	*	<b>- 16</b>	<b>- 81</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>5.16</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Superior Temporal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>- 63</b>	<b>- 39</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>4.91</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Inferior Frontal Gyrus</b>	<b>BA 44</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>11.6</b>	<b>229</b>
Inferior Frontal Gyrus	*	51	13	21	11.33	
Middle Frontal Gyrus	*	44	6	44	10.95	
<b>Inferior Frontal Gyrus</b>	<b>BA 45</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>- 11</b>	<b>6.28</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>Extra- Nuclear</b>	<b>BA 13</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>- 7</b>	<b>5.9</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>Precentral Gyrus</b>	<b>BA 6</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>- 5</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>5.29</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Inferior Frontal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>44</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>5.19</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Superior Temporal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>48</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>- 11</b>	<b>5.04</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Cuneus</b>	<b>BA 18</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>- 73</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>4.92</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Middle Frontal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>40</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>4.87</b>	<b>1</b>

X, Y, Z Talairah Co-Planar Stereotaxic Atlas of the Human Brain ( +, -, ) ( +, -), ( +, -) . T-  
 $p < 0.00001$  voxel( $2 \times 2 \times 2 \text{mm}^3$ )  
. Cluster voxel , Cluster-size  
voxel .

	Brodmann's Area	X	Y	Z	T - score	cluster - size
<b>Middle Frontal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>- 44</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>15.2</b>	<b>130</b>
Middle Frontal Gyrus	BA 9	- 48	13	29	7.7	
Sub- Gyral	*	- 44	24	14	6.57	
<b>Cuneus</b>	*	<b>- 16</b>	<b>- 97</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>14.5</b>	<b>336</b>
Fusiform,Lingual Gyrus	*	- 20	- 86	- 9	14.37	
<b>Superior Frontal Gyrus</b>	<b>BA 6</b>	<b>- 4</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>10.4</b>	<b>65</b>
<b>Superior Parietal Lobule</b>	*	<b>- 28</b>	<b>- 56</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>9.83</b>	<b>78</b>
Sub- Gyral	*	- 32	- 44	50	8.76	
Superior Parietal Lobule	*	- 24	- 59	55	7.93	
<b>Inferior Frontal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>- 55</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>8.14</b>	<b>14</b>
Superior Temporal Gyrus	*	- 59	- 4	4	6.83	
<b>Superior Temporal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>- 48</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>- 18</b>	<b>7.87</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>Superior Temporal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>- 55</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>- 1</b>	<b>7.32</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>Middle Temporal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>- 63</b>	<b>- 35</b>	<b>- 2</b>	<b>7.25</b>	<b>16</b>
Middle Temporal Gyrus	BA 21	- 59	- 46	6	6.88	
<b>Inferior Parietal Lobule</b>	<b>BA 40</b>	<b>- 51</b>	<b>- 30</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>6.65</b>	<b>12</b>
<b>Cuneus</b>	*	<b>- 28</b>	<b>- 80</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>6.05</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>Inferior Parietal Lobule</b>	<b>BA 40</b>	<b>- 40</b>	<b>- 29</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Inferior Frontal Gyrus</b>	<b>BA 47</b>	<b>- 32</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>- 18</b>	<b>5.31</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Inferior Temporal Gyrus</b>	<b>BA 20</b>	<b>- 55</b>	<b>- 55</b>	<b>- 11</b>	<b>5.03</b>	<b>1</b>
Lingual Gyrus	BA 17	- 4	- 93	1	9.35	64
<b>Inferior Parietal Lobule</b>	*	<b>32</b>	<b>- 52</b>	<b>47</b>	9.19	
Superior Parietal Lobule	*	24	- 59	55	9.51	68
<b>Inferior Frontal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>44</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>26</b>	8.63	
Middle Frontal Gyrus	*	44	6	44	6.22	
Middle Frontal Gyrus	BA 8	51	14	40	7.15	23
<b>Superior Occipital Gyrus</b>	*	<b>32</b>	<b>- 80</b>	<b>26</b>	6.69	
Cuneus	BA 19	24	- 84	34	6.2	9
<b>Middle Temporal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>55</b>	<b>- 66</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>5.66</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>Precentral Gyrus</b>	<b>BA 4</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>- 6</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>5.62</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Middle Frontal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>32</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>5.42</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Inferior Frontal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>51</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>4.89</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Middle Temporal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>63</b>	<b>- 20</b>	<b>- 9</b>	13.6	

X, Y, Z Talairah Co-Planar Stereotaxic Atlas of the Human Brain ( +, -, ) ( +, -), ( +, -) . T- p<0.00001 voxel(2×2×2mm<sup>3</sup>) . Cluster voxel , Cluster- size voxel .



&lt; - 5&gt; 2 3.

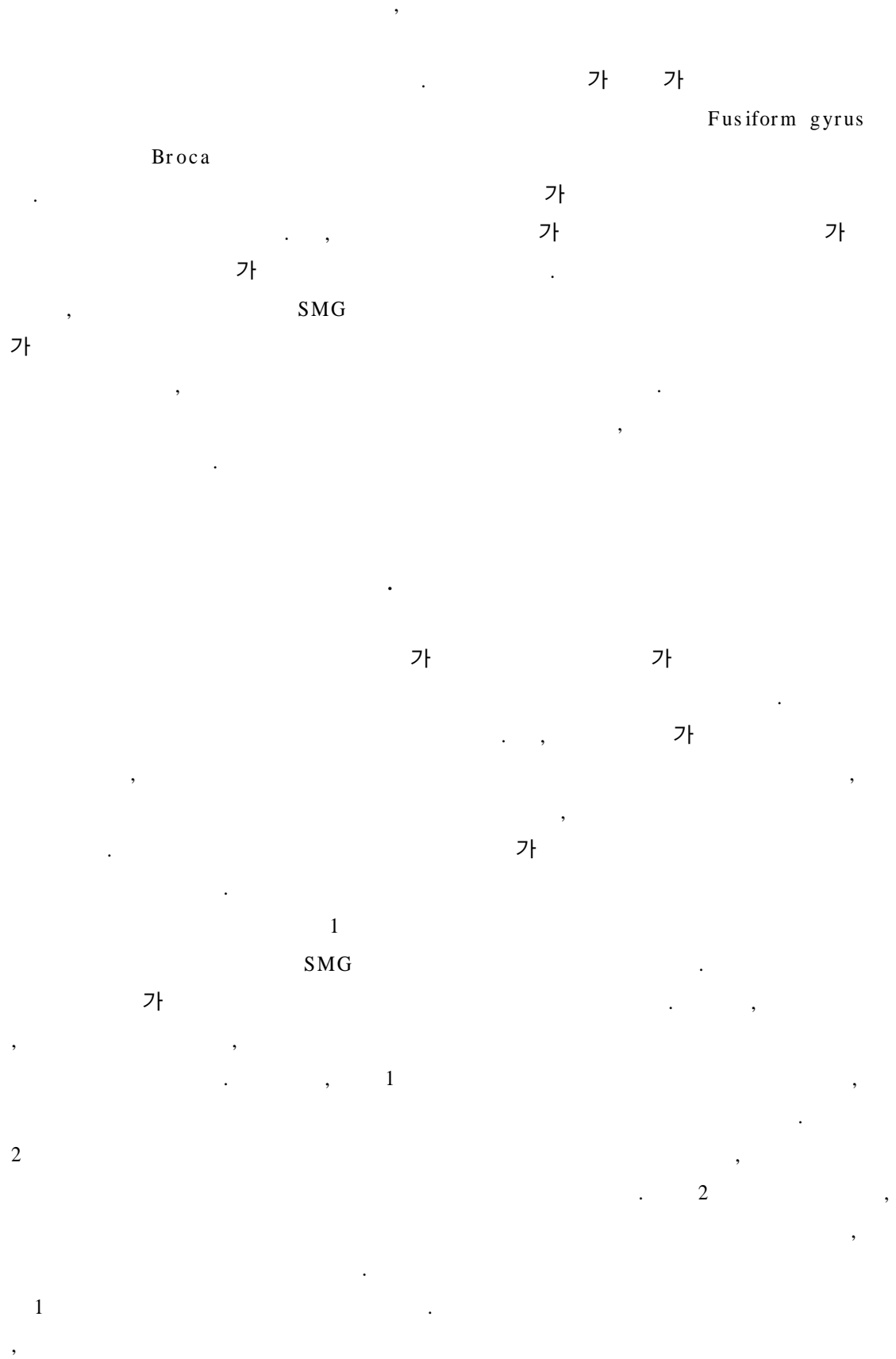
	Brodmann's Area	X	Y	Z	T-score	cluster-size
<b>Superior Parietal Lobule</b>	*	<b>- 28</b>	<b>- 60</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>11.8</b>	<b>171</b>
Superior Parietal Lobule	BA 7	- 32	- 52	54	9.37	
Precuneus	*	- 32	- 64	36	9.21	
<b>Inferior Frontal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>- 51</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>8.95</b>	<b>88</b>
Middle Frontal Gyrus	*	- 51	28	21	7.14	
Inferior Frontal Gyrus	*	- 51	13	21	6.82	
<b>Fusiform Gyrus</b>	<b>BA 19</b>	<b>- 32</b>	<b>- 67</b>	<b>- 10</b>	<b>8.24</b>	<b>41</b>
Middle Occipital Gyrus	*	- 40	- 70	- 10	7.52	
<b>Superior Frontal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>- 8</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>7.18</b>	<b>28</b>
Medial Frontal Gyrus	*	- 8	22	47	6.29	
Medial Frontal Gyrus	*	- 8	25	39	5.81	
<b>Middle Frontal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>- 36</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>6.68</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>Cuneus</b>	*	<b>- 16</b>	<b>- 81</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>6.12</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Inferior Frontal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>- 32</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>- 5</b>	<b>5.89</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Inferior Frontal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>- 44</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>5.47</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Cuneus</b>	*	<b>- 20</b>	<b>- 93</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>5.41</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Postcentral Gyrus</b>	*	<b>- 51</b>	<b>- 29</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>5.37</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Middle Occipital Gyrus</b>	*	<b>- 24</b>	<b>- 85</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>5.35</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Superior Frontal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>- 20</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Sub- Gyral</b>	*	<b>- 36</b>	<b>- 41</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>5.15</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Superior Parietal Lobule</b>	<b>BA 7</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>- 72</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>Middle Occipital Gyrus</b>	*	<b>28</b>	<b>- 93</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>6.23</b>	<b>19</b>
Inferior Occipital Gyrus	*	36	- 89	- 2	5.84	
<b>Middle Occipital Gyrus</b>	*	<b>28</b>	<b>- 78</b>	<b>- 10</b>	<b>5.94</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>Precuneus</b>	*	<b>24</b>	<b>- 56</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>5.79</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>Fusiform Gyrus</b>	<b>BA 37</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>- 48</b>	<b>- 18</b>	<b>5.74</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Cuneus</b>	*	<b>8</b>	<b>- 85</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Cuneus</b>	<b>BA 18</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>- 73</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>5.11</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Lateral Ventricle</b>	*	<b>28</b>	<b>- 27</b>	<b>- 5</b>	<b>5.04</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Middle Occipital Gyrus</b>	*	<b>36</b>	<b>- 85</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>4.98</b>	<b>1</b>

X, Y, Z Talairah Co-Planar Stereotaxic Atlas of the Human Brain ( +, -), ( +, -), ( +, -) . T-  
 $p < 0.0001$  voxel( $2 \times 2 \times 2 \text{mm}^3$ )  
. Cluster voxel , Cluster- size  
voxel .

	Brodmann's Area	X	Y	Z	T- score	cluster-size
<b>Inter- Hemispheric</b>	*	<b>0</b>	<b>- 49</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>8.22</b>	<b>158</b>
Precuneus	BA 7	- 4	- 52	54	7.83	
<b>Angular Gyrus</b>	*	<b>- 44</b>	<b>- 72</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>6.49</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>Cuneus</b>	*	<b>0</b>	<b>- 76</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>5.83</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>Inferior Parietal Lobule</b>	*	<b>- 48</b>	<b>- 52</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>5.74</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>Superior Temporal Gyrus</b>	BA 22	<b>- 55</b>	<b>- 46</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>5.73</b>	<b>6</b>
Superior Temporal Gyrus	BA 22	- 51	- 58	14	5.35	
<b>Middle Frontal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>- 36</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>- 13</b>	<b>5.41</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Middle Temporal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>- 55</b>	<b>- 8</b>	<b>- 13</b>	<b>5.32</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Superior Frontal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>- 28</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>- 6</b>	<b>5.25</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Superior Frontal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>- 28</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>5.07</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Medial Frontal Gyrus</b>	BA 10	- 4	50	- 3	5.07	1
<b>Cingulate Gyrus</b>	BA 24	- 8	- 6	41	5.03	2
<b>Inferior Parietal Lobule</b>	*	<b>- 51</b>	<b>- 41</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>4.99</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Superior Frontal Gyrus</b>	BA 9	<b>- 20</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>4.96</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Medial Frontal Gyrus</b>	*	<b>8</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>- 13</b>	<b>6.57</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Cingulate Gyrus</b>	BA 24	<b>4</b>	<b>- 6</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>6.18</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>Postcentral Gyrus</b>	BA 40	<b>63</b>	<b>- 23</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>6.09</b>	<b>3</b>
Medial Frontal Gyrus	BA 10	8	58	1	5.35	
<b>Superior Frontal Gyrus</b>	BA 9	<b>4</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>5.42</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Angular Gyrus</b>	*	<b>48</b>	<b>- 64</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>5.17</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Superior Temporal Gyrus</b>	BA 29	<b>40</b>	<b>- 34</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>5.06</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Postcentral Gyrus</b>	BA 2	<b>63</b>	<b>- 22</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>4.93</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>Precuneus</b>	BA 31	<b>8</b>	<b>- 61</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Superior Frontal Gyrus</b>	BA 9	<b>16</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>4.87</b>	<b>1</b>

X, Y, Z Talairah Co-Planar Stereotaxic Atlas of the Human Brain ( +, -), ( +, -), ( +, -). T- p<0.0001 voxel(2×2×2mm<sup>3</sup>) . Cluster voxel , Cluster- size voxel .

(Functional MRI)



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fusiform gyrus  
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supramarginal  
gyrus ,  
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韓國 政府 自身 社會 世界  
理想 國民 家長 生活 現在  
事實 學生 關係 企業 先手  
銀行 最近 方法 內容 地方  
市場 新聞 音樂 調查 狀態  
小說 親舊 必要 都市 醫師  
人事 三寸 教育 作品 大學  
人間 地域 時間 女子 會社  
運動 計劃 代表 文學 文化  
輸入 學校 江南 國會 國家  
女性 國際 出世 技術 投資  
事件 開發 民族 產業 代表  
問題 經濟 作業 活動 同門  
政策 名曲 價格 資金 理由  
作家 情神 關心 現實 發展  
家族 空軍 天國 映畫 事業  
期間 時代 記錄 失手 變化  
歷史 生命 對話 自由 貿易  
父母 公演 結果 生物 研究  
會談 製品 努力 建設 藝術  
電話 時代 民主 外國 中共  
過去 機能 故鄉 工夫 言語  
知識 青年 統一 夫婦 情報  
基本 評價 行動 銀行 必要

謙讓 苦樂 朗誦 山莊 系列  
具現 原子 淡白 漫談 三流  
聖恩 序說 辭趣 實吐 熟眠  
弱骨 僞證 回路 近海 義人  
腸炎 日沒 積善 司法 部位  
原論 角木 指壓 諸侯 組版  
徵兵 高官 祝杯 出沒 下達  
特診 學名 陰凶 證票 古木  
喜捨 印封 森林 背教 道術  
彷彿 毒物 把持 衛戍 發覺  
突進 綠末 恣行 紅袍 自處  
反語 明瞭 孔雀 曾孫 封印  
貧村 欺滿 給油 君子 自慢  
消日 殺到 野話 謹嚴 擁立  
村長 直面 僞證 脫獄 下車  
破船 豫習 試藥 看破 渴急  
簡潔 花菜 花冠 太古 紙筆  
眺望 定婚 終端 遵法 肉水  
積善 自慢 溫柔 習字 押釘  
辭趣 庶子 變心 問喪 漫談  
洗面 善男 無風 單板 外注  
角逐 生成 原木 元老 民法  
鬪犬 表層 抵觸 育種 自服  
耳順 玉碎 牧歌 談論 金塊



ABSTRACT

A fMRI Study of Word Recognition  
in Chinese and Korean

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The depth of orthography between Chinese and Korean is different. It has been reported in psycholinguistic research that the difference in word recognition process is due to the difference in the depth of orthography. Korean, which has a shallow depth of orthography, use both lexical and phonological routes; however, Chinese characters depend exclusively on the lexical route. In this research, we investigated whether the difference in word recognition process cause any difference in the brain activation region using fMRI. In Experiment 1, we gave Korean-reading task and chinese-reading task one after the other for several times to find out the brain activation area by comparing the activation rate. We found that the SMG (supramarginal gyrus) region of the brain, which is reported to execute phonological processes, was more activated for the Korean reading task than for the Chinese reading task. However, the Broca's Area(BA 44) and the fusiform gyrus were more activated when executing Chinese reading task. In Experiment 2, we used a statistical subtraction method to investigate the differences in the activating regions between the two languages. The results showed that the activated regions were similar in Korean and Chinese, but a tremendous decrease was found in the activating signals. We were thus able to draw a conclusion that, despite the difference in the activating brain regions between the two languages, we cannot definitively say that the two languages use different routes.

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