

(, ,)
『
』, 5 , 1 , 155-173.

88.7 dB A
OSHA가
123 % 가
123 % OSHA가

가 , 가
가

(Royster, 1991).

가 (胚胎)
(小野博 , 1985).

(earphone) ,
(MRC Institute of Hearing Research, 1986).

(, 1998).

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.
가

(Rice, Rossi & Olina, 1987).

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1.

275 (2 225 3 50) ,
275 210 .

2.

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, 1999 7 12 7 19 8

(耳鏡検査), (Immittance Test)(Page et al., 1995),

(Pure Tone Test, Air),

3.

1 (< - 1>) 4

5 . ① (Audiometer, QUALIT ONE Wide Range Audiometers WR-C

9434-9): ② (Tympanometry, WelchAllyn MicroTymp2, Portable Tympanometric Instrument), ③ (Sound Level Meter, Brüel & Kjær 2260 Investigator), ④ (CD Radio Cassette Recorder SANYO PH-PR950), ⑤ 2cc (Coupler), ⑥ (3 . SES , : Nonsense 3:53), ⑦ , ⑧ (TDH-39P C67494, Tephonics 296 d 000-1), ⑨ (耳鏡).

6 , 4 , 12 , (Tympanogram) Type, PeakYa, Gradient (GR) (Tympanometric Width), Tympanometric Peak Pressure (TPP), Equivalent Ear Canal Volume (Vea) (calibration)

. 5 dB (Descending Method) , 40 dB HL , 1-2 FM , "down 10-up 5" . 250 Hz · 500 Hz · 1,000 Hz · 2,000 Hz · 4,000 Hz · 8,000 Hz , 1,000 Hz · 2,000 Hz · 4,000 Hz · 8,000 Hz · 1,000 Hz · 500 Hz · 250 Hz (音量) (SANYO PH- PR950), (3 SES , : Nonsense 3:53)

< - 2>

4.

63 Hz · 125 Hz · 250 Hz · 500 Hz · 2,000 Hz · 4,000 Hz · 8,000 Hz 60 . 8 , 11 12 .

Range: 20.1- 100.1 dB, Bandwidth: 1/3 Octave, Peaks Over: 118 dB Time weight: Spectrum Measurement: Slow, Correlation: Random ASHA (American Speech-Language-Hearing Association, 1985) , 4,000 Hz 62

dB SPL, 2,000 Hz 54.5 dB SPL, 1,000 Hz 49.5 dB SPL, 500 Hz 41.5 dB SPL, 3,000 Hz
 , OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration)
 4,000 Hz 62 dB SPL, 57 dB SPL, 2,000 Hz 47 dB SPL, 1,000 Hz 40 dB SPL, 500 Hz
 40 dB SPL (Katz, 1994). < - 1> .

< - 1> () (dBA)

Center Frequency (Hz)									
	11:04	11:20	11:23	11:28	11:36	11:39	11:43	11:52	
63	28.1	20.8	24.8	25.8	28.9	30.2	28.6	21.5	26.09
125	31.2	27.7	29.6	26.0	26.3	34.8	30.9	26.5	29.13
250	35.3	37.5	33.2	30.5	38.8	31.3	37.0	31.9	34.44
500	39.8	39.1	38.0	35.0	44.1	37.1	41.9	37.0	39.00
1,000	41.2	40.8	38.1	37.7	44.9	39.6	44.7	39.1	40.76
2,000	36.8	40.4	35.9	35.3	43.5	38.5	43.6	39.9	39.24
4,000	34.6	37.9	34.4	34.4	42.8	38.0	38.9	39.4	37.55
8,000	36.2	38.4	36.2	36.5	46.3	40.4	41.2	41.3	39.56
Leq(60s)	50.2	52.0	52.5	48.0	57.0	55.0	54.0	47.0	51.9

1.

127 46.2 %, 148 53.8 %, 2 225 81.8 %, 3 50 18.2 % . 3 275 , 130 . A , B .

2.

275 6 4.3 (SD 1.2)
 71.7 % (Cor-
 relation Coefficient)가 A 210 .01, B 129 .02 0 가

3.

4 , 3
 ' 92.8 %, ' ' 가
 ' 64.5 %, ' 가 가가
 ' 57.6 %, 42.4 %가 ' ' 가
 ' 38.9 % .
 , . B 122
 3 4,000 Hz
 ($p < .05$) 가 . 가 57.6 % 가
 38.9 %
 가 가 .

4.

12
 264 239 (90.5 %)
 , . 5 87.0 %
 . 70.0 %
 가 . 2 12 .
 ' ' 91.9 %, ' ' 62.9 %, ' .
 ' 26.0 %, ' '가 10.9 %, ' '가 10.2 %
 ' 47.3 %, ' ' 41.9 %, ' ' 10.9 %
 . < - 2> A 194

($p < .05$)

< - 2>

(dB A)			
	N	Mean	SD
	81	84.80	8.27
	90	85.25	12.81
	20	92.37	10.16

B 130 가 119 ,
. 6 . 3 . 4,000 Hz

< - 3>

< - 3>

Source	DF	SS	MS	F
6	2	110.58	55.29	2.32*
6	2	187.14	93.57	5.15
3	2	94.96	47.48	1.69
3	2	169.48	84.74	4.08*
4,000 Hz	2	58.85	29.42	0.72
4,000 Hz	2	373.15	186.57	4.58*

* $p < .05$

65.4 %, ' 22.3 %, ' 12.3 % . A 195

가 , 6 . 3 . 4,000 Hz

< - 4> 6

($p < .05$).

< - 4>

Source	DF	SS	MS	F
6	2	197.42	98.71	3.82
6	2	23.34	11.67	0.43
3	2	169.64	84.82	2.61
3	2	32.63	16.31	0.45
4,000 Hz	2	90.06	45.03	1.16
4,000 Hz	2	91.44	45.72	0.96

* $p < .05$

‘ 가
 가’ “ ” 51.1 % 275 140
 . A 196 < - 5>
 (p = 0.00)

< - 5>

	(dB A)		
	N	Mean	SD
	91	89.72	13.02
	105	82.22	7.023

(1- 10) 5
 50.6 % . Katz et al. (1982) ,
 4 , FM
 90- 108 dB A, 97- 104 dB A
 , 4

5.

가. ()

211 . 130
 61.6 % .
 .
 211 , 6 15.6
 dB HL, 14.8 dB HL (< - 6 >). - .8
 , Paired *t*-Test (*p* < .05) . *t*-Test 6
 (*p* < .05) .
 101 16.4 dB HL, 110 14.9 dB HL . 6
 . 101 15.2 dB
 HL, 109 14.4 dB HL . 6 3
 18.5 dB HL, 17.7 dB HL . 6 -0.8
 Paired *t*-Test . 3
 . 101
 19.0 dB HL, 110 18.1 dB HL . 3
 . 101 17.9 dB HL, 110
 17.6 dB HL . 211 4,000 Hz 9.1 dB HL,
 8.2 dB HL . 6 . 3
 - .9 . 4,000 Hz
 . 4,000 Hz 101
 9.9 dB HL, 110 8.4 dB HL . 4,000 Hz
 . 4,000 Hz 101 8.8 dB HL,
 110 7.7 dB HL . 6 . 3 4,000 Hz
 . 4,000 Hz
 101 - 1.1, 110 - .7
 .

< - 6>

(211)

	(dB HL)			(dB HL)		
	6	3	4,000 Hz	6	3	4,000 Hz
211	15.6	18.5	9.1	14.8	17.7	8.2
101	16.4	19.0	9.9	15.2	17.9	8.8
110	14.9	18.1	8.4	14.4	17.6	7.7

B 130 , 130 6 15.8
 dB HL (< - 7>) . 6 53 6.7 dB HL ,
 77 15.2 dB HL . 130 6
 14.7 dB HL . 6 14.7 dB HL, 14.7 dB HL
 . 가 . 6 130 3
 18.8 dB HL . 3 53 19.3
 dB HL , 77 18.4 dB HL . 3
 . 130 3 17.5 dB HL . 3
 53 17.3 dB HL , 77 17.6 dB HL . 3
 . 130 4,000 Hz
 9.2 dB HL . 4,000 Hz 53 9.6 dB HL ,
 77 8.8 dB HL . 4,000 Hz
 . 130 4,000 Hz 8.3 dB HL . 4,000 Hz
 53 8.4 dB HL, 77 8.3 dB HL . 4,000 Hz
 . B 6 . 3
 4,000 Hz
 . 6 53 -2.0,
 76 -.6 . 3
 53 -2.0, 77 -.8
 . 4,000 Hz 53
 -1.2, 77 -.5 . B
 t-Test , 129 6
 (p = 0.00) . B , t-

130 3 , (p = 0.00)
 4,000 Hz

< - 7> (130)

	(dB HL)			(dB HL)		
	6	3	4,000 Hz	6	3	4,000 Hz
130	15.8	18.8	9.2	14.7	17.5	8.3
53	16.7	19.3	9.6	14.7	17.3	8.4
77	15.2	18.4	8.8	14.7	17.6	8.3

2 cc

, A 211

< - 8>

< - 8> (211)

(dB A)	(dB HL)(SD)			(dB HL)(SD)			
	6	3	4,000 Hz	6	3	4,000 Hz	
80	53	14.8 (4.8)	18.0 (5.2)	9.3 (6.4)	13.5 (4.4)	16.3 (5.0)	8.0 (7.4)
85	57	16.1 (5.4)	19.1 (6.0)	9.1 (6.5)	15.9 (6.4)	18.9 (6.4)	9.3 (8.4)
90	36	15.8 (4.4)	19.1 (5.8)	9.2 (4.7)	15.1 (3.9)	18.2 (4.7)	8.3 (5.3)
95	30	15.7 (5.4)	17.9 (5.5)	9.3 (6.8)	14.1 (3.8)	16.5 (4.3)	7.7 (5.2)
100	21	17.5 (4.9)	20.1 (5.1)	10.2 (6.8)	16.3 (6.1)	20.2 (9.7)	7.1 (5.4)
105	6	11.5 (5.5)	14.4 (7.4)	5.8 (8.0)	13.3 (5.6)	15.8 (4.9)	6.7 (6.1)
110	5	15.2 (6.1)	17.7 (6.0)	6.0 (5.5)	13.7 (3.2)	16.7 (4.1)	10.0 (3.5)
115	3	12.5 (2.9)	15.0 (3.3)	6.7 (2.9)	11.9 (0.5)	14.4 (3.5)	5.0 (-)

209

85.6 dB A

275

< - 9>

< - 9>

OSHA가

OSHA (1983)가
)

275 30 10.9 %
(David, 1994

< - 10>

< - 9>

	(dB A)								
	80	85	90	95	100	105	110	115	
0	15	15	4	7	1	0	0	0	42
15	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
30	10	0	3	0	1	0	0	1	15
1	23	16	7	2	7	0	0	0	55
2	49	15	16	17	6	5	3	1	112
4	16	10	6	3	6	0	2	0	43
8	3	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	7
	117	57	36	30	21	6	5	3	275

< - 10>

(A)

	(dB A)	(30 / 275 10.9 %)	(dB HL)					
			6	3	4,000 Hz			
30	115	1	10.8	11.7	11.7	11.7	10.0	5.0
	100	6	17.0	16.1	19.2	19.2	8.3	5.8
	105	5	11.5	12.2	15.0	15.0	3.0	5.0
	110	3	18.9	14.7	21.7	18.9	8.3	8.3
2	115	1	10.8	12.5	15.0	18.3	5.0	5.0
	95	3	9.2	10.8	12.2	13.3	3.3	8.3
	100	6	18.5	15.1	20.6	17.8	11.7	6.7
	110	2	9.6	12.0	11.7	13.3	2.5	12.5
4	95	1	28.3	22.5	30.0	25.0	25.0	20.0
	105	1	11.7	19.2	11.7	20.0	20.0	15.0
	115	1	15.8	11.7	18.3	13.3	5.0	5.0

6 12.0 dB HL, 14.2 dB HL . 3
17.5 dB HL, 17.0 dB HL . 4,000 Hz 8.0 dB HL, 6.7
dB HL . 210 . 6

($p < .05$) . B 130

< - 11> < - 12> .

< - 11> (130)

(dB A)		(dB HL)(SD)			(dB HL)(SD)		
		6	3	4,000 Hz	6	3	4,000 Hz
80	34	15.2 (5.0)	18.3 (5.1)	10.3 (7.2)	14.1 (4.6)	17.1 (5.0)	9.0 (8.6)
85	34	16.2 (5.3)	19.5 (5.7)	9.0 (6.4)	15.5 (5.6)	18.5 (5.8)	8.5 (6.2)
90	21	16.2 (3.0)	19.7 (3.8)	9.0 (4.6)	15.4 (3.1)	18.3 (3.6)	8.8 (5.2)
95	24	15.7 (5.3)	17.9 (5.5)	9.2 (7.0)	13.8 (3.5)	16.0 (3.9)	7.9 (5.1)
100	10	16.9 (5.8)	19.2 (6.1)	9.5 (6.4)	14.9 (3.5)	17.7 (3.8)	6.5 (5.3)
105	4	13.1 (5.8)	17.1 (7.6)	3.8 (4.8)	14.2 (3.4)	17.1 (2.1)	6.3 (4.8)
110	2	16.3 (0.6)	20.0 (2.4)	5.0 (-)	12.9 (2.9)	17.5 (3.5)	10.0 (-)
115	1	10.8 (-)	15.0 (-)	5.0 (-)	12.5 (-)	18.3 (-)	5.0 (-)

< - 12>

(B)

(dB A)		(16 , 12.3 %)	(dB HL)						
			6	3	4,000 Hz	6	3	4,000 Hz	
2	100	3	1	10.0	15.0	13.3	20.0	5.0	5.0
		5	1	16.7	16.7	15.0	18.3	10.0	5.0
	105	2	1	21.7	19.2	28.3	20.0	10.0	10.0
		3	1	11.7	12.5	15.0	15.0	0.0	5.0
		4	1	10.0	13.3	11.7	16.7	5.0	10.0
	110	5	1	9.2	11.7	13.3	16.7	0.0	0.0
		3	1	16.7	10.8	21.7	15.0	5.0	10.0
	115	5	1	15.8	15.0	18.3	20.0	5.0	10.0
		1	1	10.8	12.5	15.0	18.3	5.0	5.0
	4	95	1	1	12.5	12.5	16.7	15.0	10.0
2			1	7.5	10.0	10.0	11.7	0.0	5.0
3			1	7.5	10.0	10.0	13.3	0.0	5.0
100		3	1	26.7	14.2	28.3	16.7	20.0	5.0
		5	1	20.0	15.8	20.0	18.3	15.0	10.0
		6	1	12.5	14.2	13.3	15.0	0.0	5.0
8	95	2	1	28.3	22.5	30.0	25.0	25.0	20.0

B 130 88.7 dB A .
 6 3 ($p < .05$)
 6 14.8 dB HL, 14.1 dB HL . 3
 17.5 dB HL, 17.2 dB HL . 4,000 Hz 7.2 dB
 HL, 7.8 dB HL .

90.5 %가
 3.5 , 1 2 12 .
 6 , 1 , 62.9 %,
 26.0 % , 47.3 % , 41.9 %,
 10.9 % . (1-10) 5 50.6 %
 , 가 65.4 % .
 51.1 % .

() 130 61.6 %
 . 가 . 16-17 가
 가 , 가
 10 3.5

88.7 dB A , 130 OSHA
 12.3 % .

. 가 . .

(Bradley, 1987)

, , ‘
 , 가 .

(1998).

가

가.

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< - 1 >

_____ : _____, _____
_____ : _____

()

(0)

1. . ① ②
2. . ① ②
3. .
- ① ②
4. . ① ②
5. . ① ②
6. 가 가 ?
① .
② .
③ .
④ .

()

1. 가 가 ?
① 가 (.)
② .
③ .
2. 가 가 ?
① 가 .

② (Speaker)

③

3. 가 가가 ?

①

②

③

4. 가 ?

①

②

③

()

1. (cassette) ? ① ②

2. ?

① 2 ⑥ 1 2

② 1 5 1

3 4

④ 2 3

3. ?

().

()

4. ?

① - , , ()

② - , , ()

5. (earphone) (headphone) ?

① ()

② ()

③ ()

()

④

6. ?

①

⑥

1

2

②

2

⑦

6

1

1

⑧

5

④

3

⑨

4

⑤

2

3

7. ?

①

②

③

④

8. ?

() .

() () () () () () ()

< >

①

②

③

④

⑤

⑥

⑦

()

9. ?

10. ?

가

11. ?

12. (volume) ?

① 1

② 2

③ 3

④ 4

⑤ 5

⑥ 6

7

⑧ 8

⑨ 9

10

< - 2 >

_____ : _____, _____
_____ : _____

1. _____ ()
SOUND LEVEL METER () dB

2. PURE TONE TEST (AIR)

Ear \ Hz	125	250	500	1,000	2,000	4,000	8,000
Right							
Left							

3. TYMPANOGRAM



Ear / Tym.	Type	Peak Ya	Width	TPP	Vea
Right					
Left					

ABSTRACT

The Study on the High School Students' Use of Earphone and the Evaluation of Their Hearing Level

Sunhee Choi (Department of Rehabilitation, Hallym University)

Doheung Ko* (Department of Korean Language and Literature, Hallym University)

Junghak Lee (Department of Otolaryngology, Hallym University)

Listening to music through earphones or headphones with personal cassette players (PCPs) is, as a matter of fact, one of the prevalent activities for youngsters everywhere. However, the problem is that it can be responsible for hearing damage of the same nature as that caused by industrial noise. Considering such situation, this study was focused on informing them about the possibility of serious dangers of listening to amplified music. A total of 275 highschool students were randomly selected. The participants underwent a pure tone audiometric and immittance (tympanometry) tests. In addition, they were requested to choose a preferred volume levels which set in liquid screen on PCPs to find out the sound level preferred individually. 130 subjects (61.6%) exhibited normal criteria bilaterally from immittance. Pure tone averages of 130 subjects whose hearing levels existed within normal criteria indicated that 15.8 dB HL on left ears and 14.7 dB HL on right ears, respectively. Although the hearing thresholds of subjects exposed to amplified music were mostly within normal range, we should take ceaseless care of overuse of PCPs. Because they are still young and the hearing damage due to noise comes insidiously. Also, this type of hearing loss becomes obvious only when sufficiently evolved, i.e, after several years of exposure. 30 out of 275 subjects were over allowable exposure level according to OSHA guidelines. This can cause a public health problem and give us a reason to conduct the public education of hearing conservation. Under the circumstances, it would be advisable that warning signs of hearing damages should be specified on the surface of PCPs, cassette tapes or compact discs as warning signs of cigarette and liquor. Education of hearing conservation should be also given in elementary and junior/senior high schools. Through this way, the youngster's hearing health in the future could be protected against further hearing damages.

* E-mail: dhko@sun.hallym.ac.kr